



aurora224

Product Manual v1.0

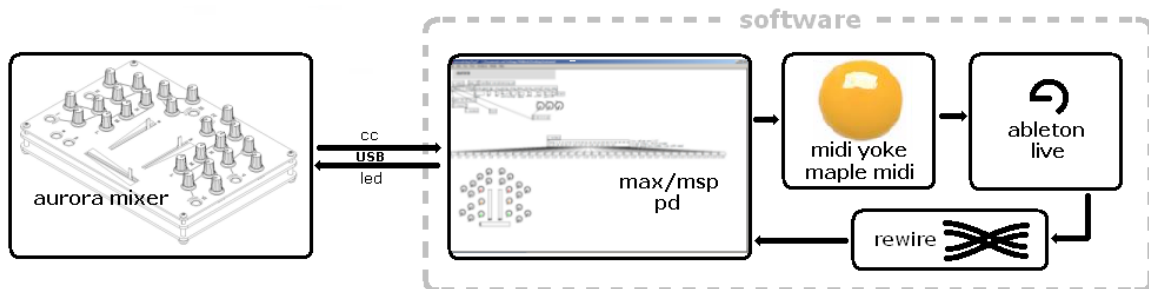
www.auroramixer.com

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Connection

A USB A to B mini cable is used to connect the mixer to the computer. Maple Midi or MidiYoke needs to be installed prior to operating the mixer. The control software, either Max5 or Pure Data is also needed. Please review the section on setting up either Max or PD to determine which software to use. The diagram in a typical setup is included below.



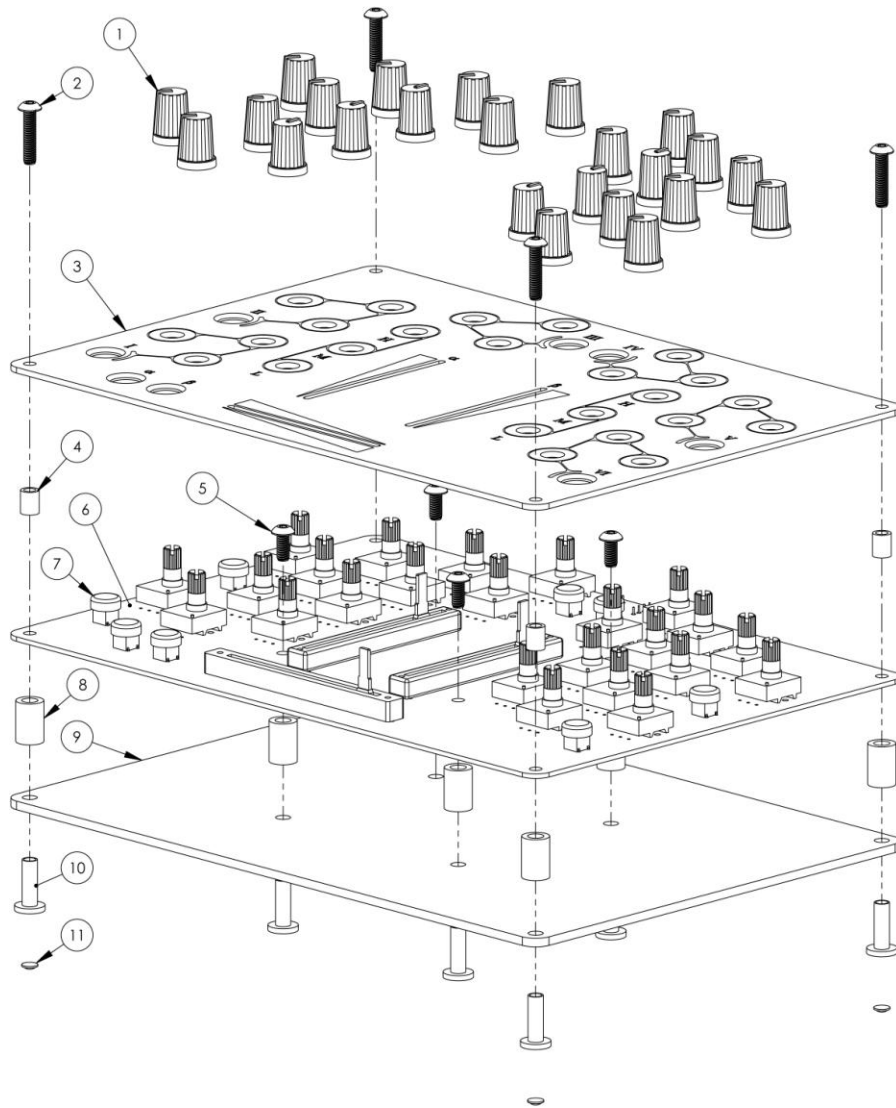
Once the drivers are installed, you can simply plug aurora into the computer's USB port. **NOTE: Plugging aurora into a low power USB hub will make the device operate incorrectly.**

To operate aurora's ambient lighting with Max5, the Max5 patch requires tempo input. In the diagram above, sharing the tempo with Max is accomplished using the rewire interface.

Ableton Live, or another rewire host, must be started **before** starting Max. Additionally, Max must be configured to receive data. This is accomplished choosing "rewire" under Max's DSP Setting menu.

Assembly

The Aurora 224 is easy to assemble. Start by snapping the button caps (7) onto the PCB assembly (6). Then align the bottom panel (9) making sure the mounting holes line up with PCB. If they don't, flip the bottom panel or rotate it so that they do, making sure you stack them as shown. Once they are aligned, insert the female #8-32 threaded standoffs (10) into the bottom panel as shown. They should fit snugly. Now place the large spacers (8) over the standoffs. Place the PCB on top, and fasten it down with the four little screws (5). They should be snug. Now place the small spacers (4) and lay the top panel (3) down. Drive the long #8-32 screws (2) into the outer four standoffs. Flip the entire assembly over and place an adhesive backed rubber foot (11) on each corner. Finally turn all the rotary potentiometers to the left or right, and then press on the knobs (1). Now you have your very own color blasting midi mixer.



In Circuit Programming

The source code for both PIC MCUs is compatible with Source Boost's BoostC PIC compiler: <http://www.sourceboost.com/>

Olimex's MCP-USB is an MPLAB compatible programmer. They are available from Sparkfun: www.sparkfun.com

In circuit programming is accomplished using the ICSP1 and ICSP2. Refer to the schematics to see the pinout of the header, it is compatible with the MCP-USB but will function with other programmers.

Additionally, when compiling code, ensure that your configuration bits match the config bits of the source on the website.

DO NOT LEAVE THE AURORA PLUGGED INTO THE USB PORT WHEN ATTEMPTING TO PROGRAM

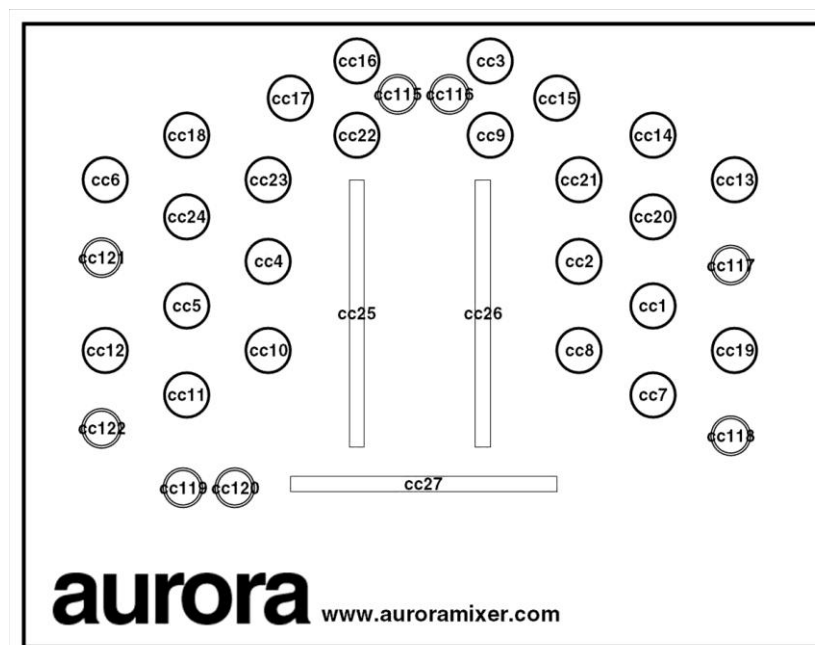
Protocol

Aurora uses two simple serial protocols for sending and receiving data at a baud rate of 57600. These two protocols can be easily sent and received in MAX/MSP and Pure Data (pd) by using the virtual COM port created when the Aurora is connected to your computer via a USB cable. Take a look at our MAX/MSP or pd patches for examples.

Aurora sends packets when changes occur in slider, knob, and button position. For each individual slider, knob, or button, a packet is sent in the following format:

[0x55] [0x55] [cc] [value]

where [0x55] is a hexadecimal 55 (decimal 85), [cc] is the corresponding MIDI change control, and [value] is the position. In concurrence with MIDI standards, [value] has a valid range of zero to 127 (decimal). Below is a mapping of the CC values.



The ambient lighting system can be controlled by sending packets to Aurora. The ambient lighting system uses red, green, and blue LEDs to create colors. The color can be manipulated by changing the ratio of red, green, and blue. Aurora accepts packets in the following format:

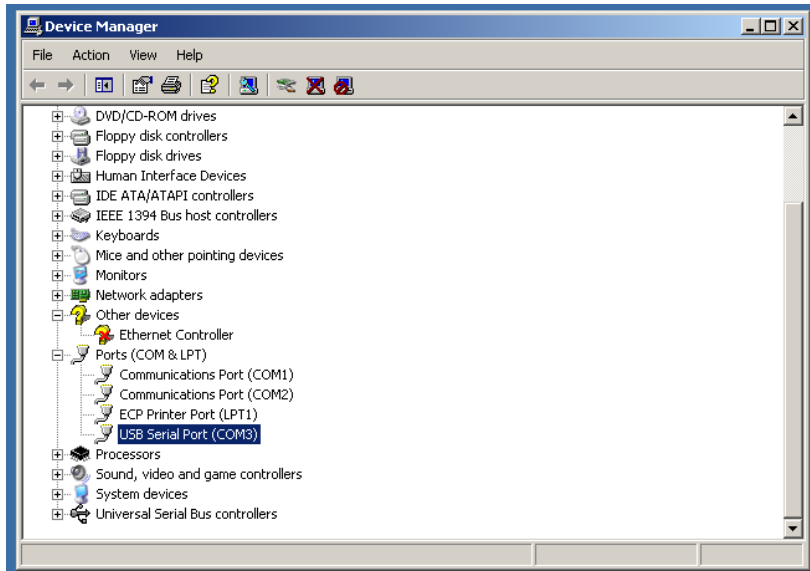
[0x55] [0x55] [red] [green] [blue]

where [0x55] is a hexadecimal 55 (decimal 85), [red] is the red intensity, [green] is the green intensity, and [blue] is the blue intensity. The three colors have valid ranges of zero to 255 (decimal).

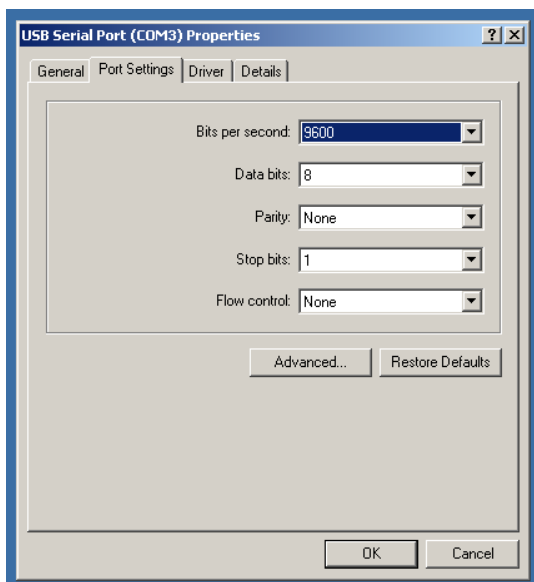
Selecting \ Changing the Aurora USB Comport

Knowing the comport number is important. To check the comport, right click My Computer and click Properties. Under System Properties, click the Hardware tab and then click Device Manager.

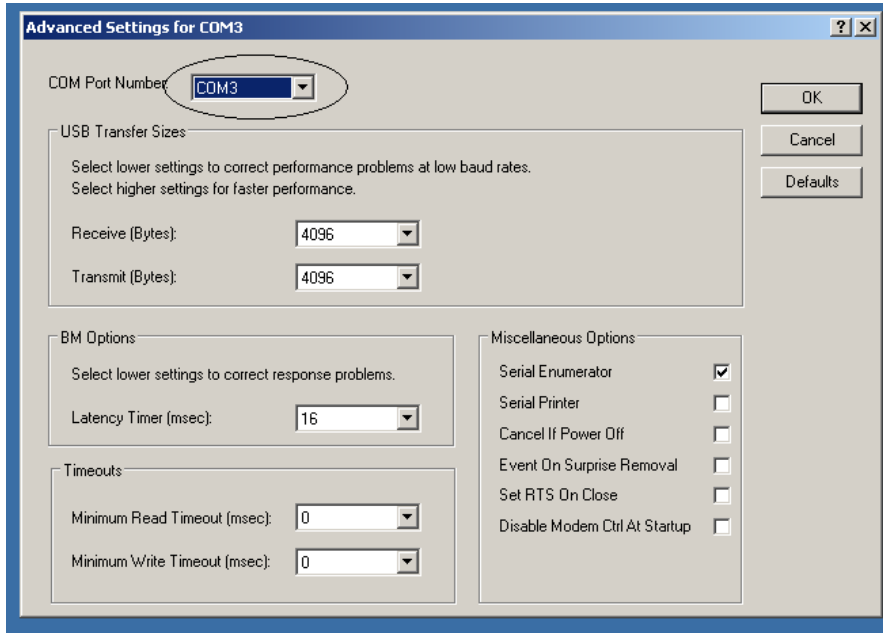
Scroll down and expand Ports. Here you will see the USB Serial Port you installed. Right click this new port and click on properties.



You will now see this, select the Port Settings tab and click on Advanced:



You can change the com port here:



Aurora PD (Pure Data) Setup Introduction

The aurora / PD interface allows the mixer to transmit and receive data using the USB port. The PD interface receives data from the mixer and converts its into MIDI CC messages. The PD interface transmits red, green, and blue color data using a scale of 0-255 to indicate brightness. **Install all drivers before plugging in the USB mixer.** \

Setup of Drivers Several driver/software installations are needed to use to the PD interface. Make sure to download and install these files before using the mixer:

PD-Extended: Pd (aka Pure Data) is a real-time graphical programming environment that is part of the Max family of graphical patcher programming languages for audio, music and multimedia. <http://at.or.at/hans/pd/installers.html>

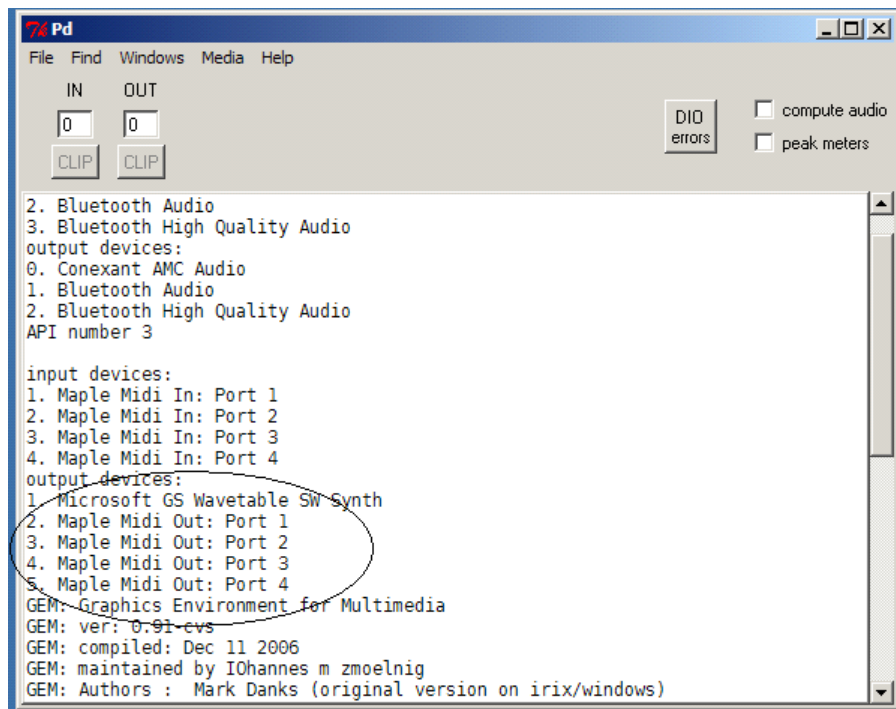
FTDI Chip VCP: this driver controls the serial port
<http://www.ftdichip.com/Drivers/VCP.htm>

Maple Virtual Midi Cable: This allows you to transmit MIDI to other PC programs.

Note:PD is compatible with Maple. It will not function using MidiYoke
http://www.hurchalla.com/Maple_driver.html

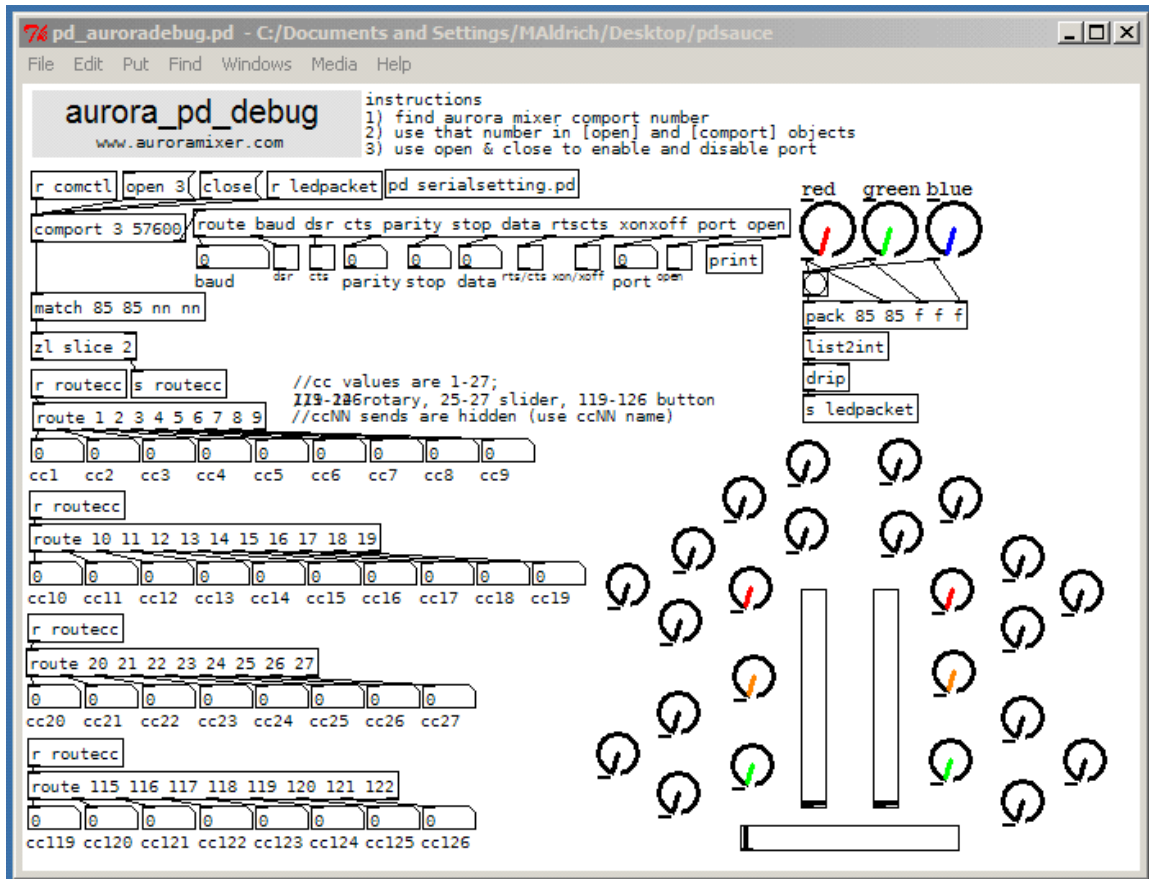
After these drivers are installed, plug in the mixer. Windows will find a serial port device and assign a serial port number to the device. Make sure you know how to change the device comport if necessary.

PD Setup Extract the downloaded PD files anywhere on the computer. Double click the .pd files to begin running the program. PD will start up and look something like this:



Check to make sure that Mapel Midi Out ports are showing up. If not, install the Maple Midi driver.

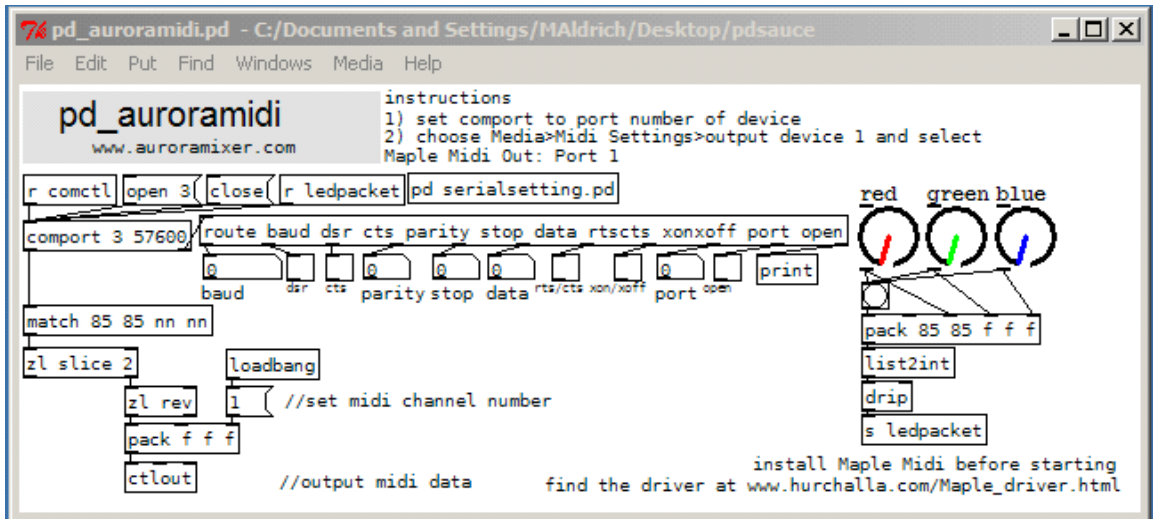
aurora_pd_debug This file can be used to read out the CC data coming from the mixer, as well as test the LEDs on the PC board.



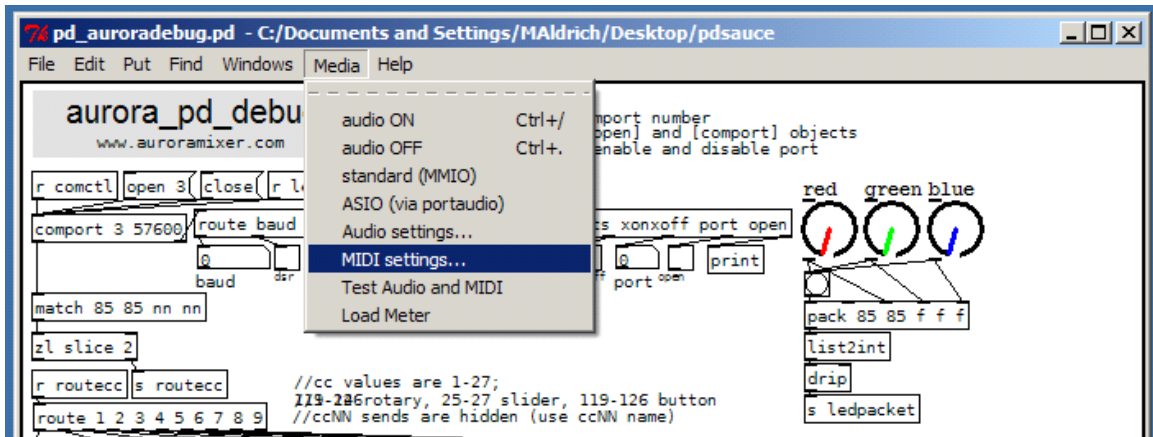
To specify the comport in PD, simply press **ctrl+e** to enable editing of the patch. Click on the object [comport] and type in the comport number of the device. **Comports 1-4 are recommended.** Save your patch file to save the changes you made.

pd_auroramidi.pd \ pd_auroramidi_abletonlive.pd These files read CC data from the mixer and translate them into MIDI CC values. CC values 119 and 120 are handled differently between these programs.

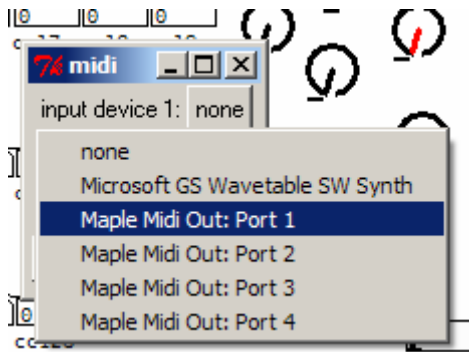
Use **pd_auroramidi_abletonlive.pd** if you plan on using Live. The program looks like this:



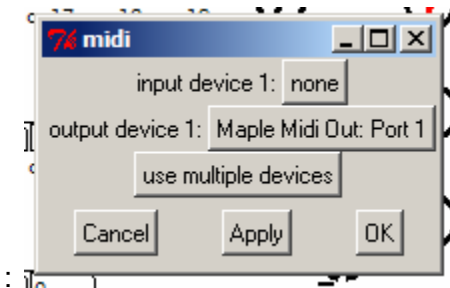
PD's midi output port must be specified, the Maple MIDI drivers should be installed. To set up the MIDI output click Media and select MIDI settings.



Select the output device and pick one of the MIDI outputs (this port number is important, your other MIDI programs will need to be setup to read this port)



When you are finished it should look like this



The device is now configured. Enjoy.

Aurora Max5 Setup

Introduction

The aurora / Max5 interface allows the mixer to transmit and receive data using the USB port. The Max interface receives data from the mixer and converts its into MIDI CC messages. The Max5 interface transmits red, green, and blue color data using a scale of 0-255 to indicate brightness. Install all drivers before plugging in the USB mixer.

The Max5 patch uses Isynth to generate patterns of light when Max is receiving data from rewire capable software. For a better description visit visiphon.com and view projects.

The two files you can download are either

[max5_aurorafiles_fullcontrol.zip](#)
[max5_aurorafiles_preset.zip](#)

Unzip these anywhere you want to run the software.

6/27/08 No run time version of max5 is available, when it is, a run time of this patch will be available.

These files are needed:

Max5: www.cycling74.com

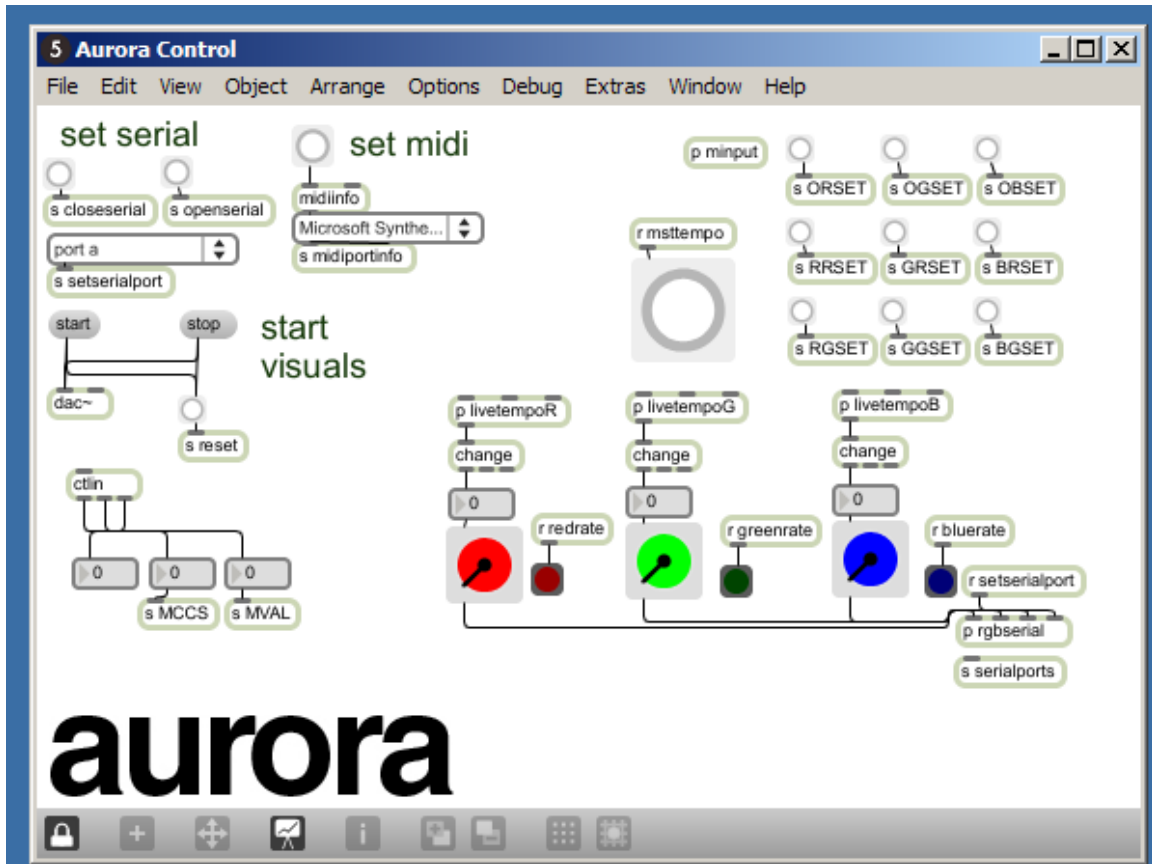
FTDI Chip VCP: this driver controls the serial port
<http://www.ftdichip.com/Drivers/VCP.htm>

MidiYoke: This allows you to transmit MIDI to other PC programs. Note:PD is not compatible with Midi Yoke.
<http://www.midiox.com/>

After these drivers are installed, plug in the mixer. Windows will find a serial port device and assign a serial port number to the device. Make sure you know how to change the device comport if necessary.

Usage

If all the drivers are installed and the software is configured correctly (see below). Simply select the serial port and specify the MIDI port on which the data will output. If you are using Max5 with Ableton Live to create effects using the ambient lighting, make sure your DSP status is setup for rewire (see below). To start the Isynth, press start visuals. When Ableton live begins playing, it will send tempo information to Max5 and in turn Max will control the LEDs on aurora.

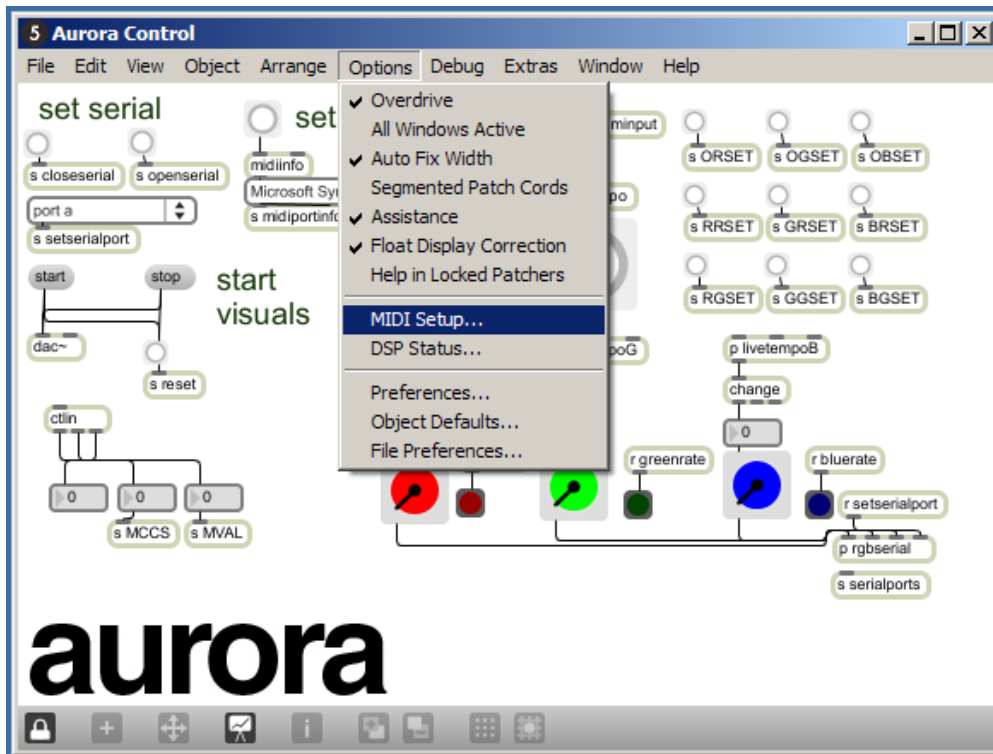


Select the port of the device and open or close the serial comport.

Press the button to Set Midi and select your MIDI output port, this port should also be setup in your favorite Midi Program.

The rest of the on screen display is used for Isynth, aurora's ambient lighting engine. Depending on which Max5 patch you downloaded, the light effects will be either random but tempo synchronized or controllable and tempo synchronized. To control the Isynth engine with the mixer, simply rotate a knob and click the button above an ORSET, RRSET, OR RGSET. All 9 of these parameters can be assigned.

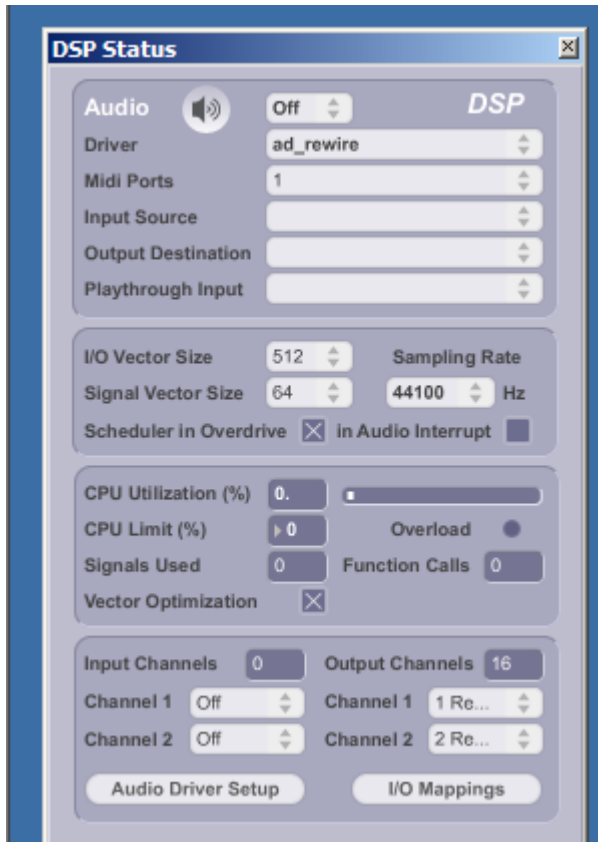
A few things in Max should be set up before you begin:



| Type | On | Name | Abbrev | Offset |
|--------|----|--------------------------------|--------|--------|
| input | ✓ | In From MIDI Yoke: 1 | — | ⇅ 0 ⇅ |
| input | ✓ | In From MIDI Yoke: 2 | — | ⇅ 0 ⇅ |
| input | ✓ | In From MIDI Yoke: 3 | — | ⇅ 0 ⇅ |
| input | ✓ | In From MIDI Yoke: 4 | — | ⇅ 0 ⇅ |
| input | ✓ | In From MIDI Yoke: 5 | — | ⇅ 0 ⇅ |
| input | ✓ | In From MIDI Yoke: 6 | — | ⇅ 0 ⇅ |
| input | ✓ | In From MIDI Yoke: 7 | — | ⇅ 0 ⇅ |
| input | ✓ | In From MIDI Yoke: 8 | — | ⇅ 0 ⇅ |
| input | ✓ | ReWire 1 | — | ⇅ 0 ⇅ |
| output | ✓ | Microsoft Synthesizer | — | ⇅ 0 ⇅ |
| output | ✓ | Microsoft GS Wavetable SW S... | — | ⇅ 0 ⇅ |
| output | ✓ | Out To MIDI Yoke: 1 | — | ⇅ 0 ⇅ |
| output | ✓ | Out To MIDI Yoke: 2 | — | ⇅ 0 ⇅ |
| output | ✓ | Out To MIDI Yoke: 3 | — | ⇅ 0 ⇅ |
| output | ✓ | Out To MIDI Yoke: 4 | — | ⇅ 0 ⇅ |
| output | ✓ | Out To MIDI Yoke: 5 | — | ⇅ 0 ⇅ |
| output | ✓ | Out To MIDI Yoke: 6 | — | ⇅ 0 ⇅ |
| output | ✓ | Out To MIDI Yoke: 7 | — | ⇅ 0 ⇅ |
| output | ✓ | Out To MIDI Yoke: 8 | — | ⇅ 0 ⇅ |
| output | ✓ | ReWire 1 | — | ⇅ 0 ⇅ |

Make sure your MIDI drivers are set up.

If you plan on using aurora with Rewire, make sure to setup your DSP Status window to use rewire as it is below.



Hardware

These images of the PCBs call out the position and location of the important ICs and components on the boards. Images of the PCBs are found at www.auroramixer.com

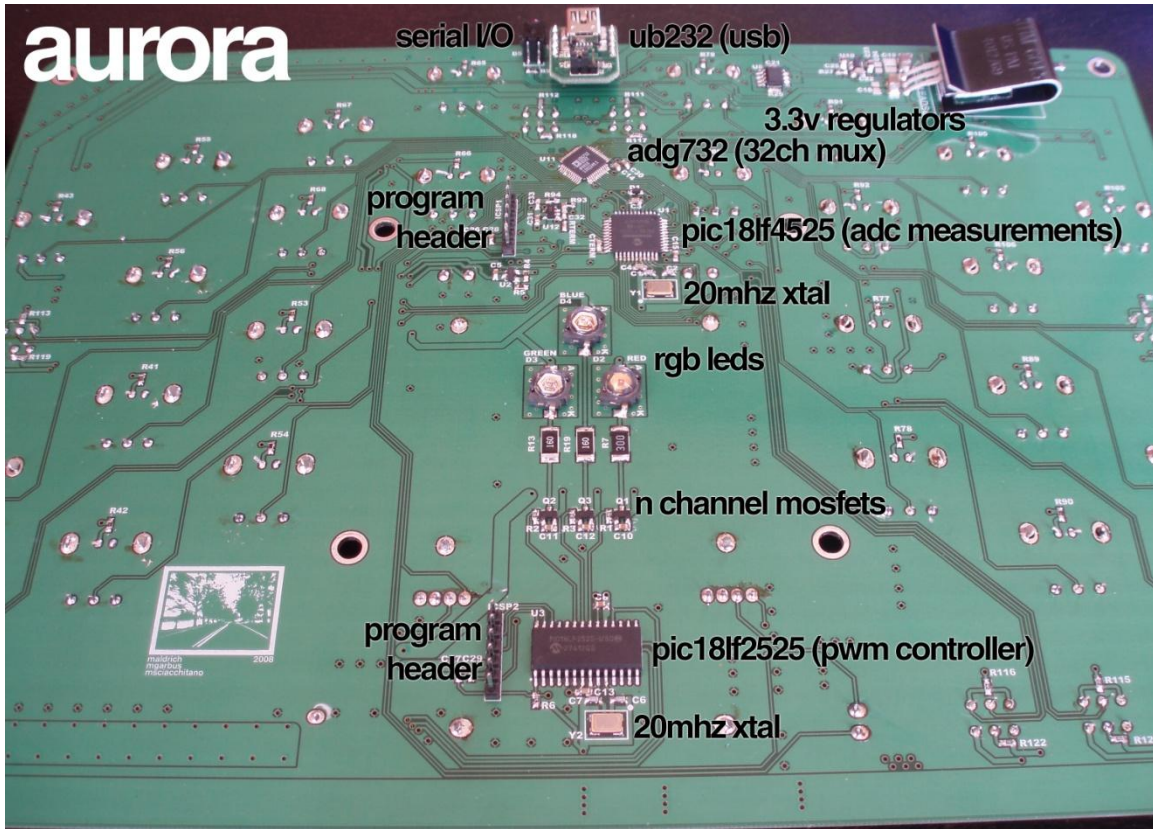


Figure 1 Bottom View of the PCB



Figure 2 Measurement Circuit

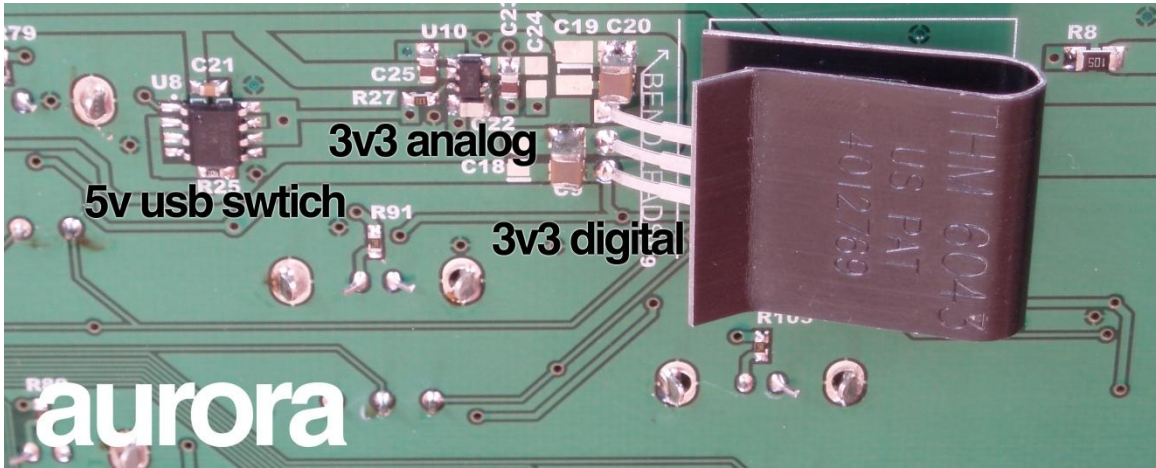


Figure 3 Power Management

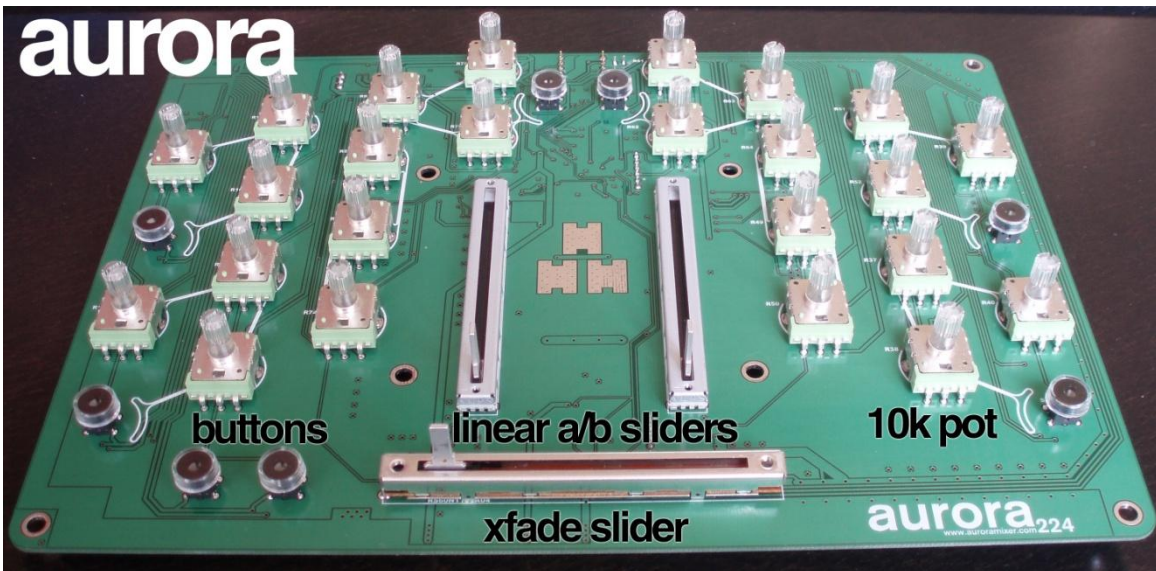


Figure 4 Top of PCB.